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**Cambridge English**

# Objective First

**Wordlist**  
**with definitions**

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**Third Edition**

# Unit 1

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
11	<b>add to sth</b>	pv	æd tuː	PUT WITH	to put something with something else
RS	<b>bargain</b>	n	'bɑːgɪn	PRICE	something that is sold for less than its usual price or its real value
10	<b>bracelet</b>	n	'breɪslət		a piece of jewellery that you wear around your wrist
10	<b>casual</b>	adj	'kæʒjuəl	CLOTHING	Casual clothing is comfortable and not suitable for formal occasions.
12	<b>comparison</b>	n	kəm'pærɪsən	EXAMINING DIFFERENCES	when two or more people or things are compared
11	<b>cut down sth or cut sth down</b>	pv	kʌt daʊn	REDUCE	to eat or drink less of something, or to reduce the amount or number of something
13	<b>distinguish</b>	v	dɪ'stɪŋɡwɪʃ	SHOW DIFFERENCES	to make one person or thing seem different from another
12	<b>dominate</b>	v	'dɒmɪneɪt	BE IMPORTANT	to be the largest, most important, or most noticeable part of something
11	<b>dress up</b>	pv	dres ʌp	FORMAL	to put on formal clothes for a special occasion
11	<b>fit in with</b>	pv	fɪt ɪn wɪð		If one thing fits in with another thing, they look pleasant together or are suitable for each other.
13	<b>genuine</b>	adj	'dʒenjuɪn	REAL	If something is genuine, it is really what it seems to be.
11	<b>go ahead</b>	pv	gəʊ ə'hed	PERMISSION	something that you say to someone to give them permission to do something
11	<b>go back</b>	pv	gəʊ bæk		to return to a place where you were or where you have been before
11	<b>go for sth</b>	pv	gəʊ fɔː	CHOOSE	to choose something
11	<b>go on</b>	pv	gəʊ ɒn	HAPPEN	to happen
11	<b>go out</b>	pv	gəʊ aʊt	LEAVE	to leave a room or building, especially in order to do something for entertainment
11	<b>go over sth</b>	pv	gəʊ 'əʊvə		to talk or think about something in order to explain it or make certain that it is correct
11	<b>go up</b>	pv	gəʊ ʌp	INCREASE	to become higher in level
10	<b>hood</b>	n	hʊd	HEAD	a part of a coat or jacket that covers your head and neck
10	<b>helmet</b>	n	'helmət	HEAD	a hard hat that protects your head
12	<b>image</b>	n	'ɪmɪdʒ	IDEA	a picture in your mind or an idea of how someone or something is
11	<b>keep up (with sb/sth)</b>	pv	kiːp ʌp	UNDERSTAND	to be able to understand or deal with something that is happening or changing very fast

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
13	<b>label</b>	n	'leɪbəl	COMPANY	a company which produces goods for sale, the goods themselves, or the company's name or symbol
10	<b>matter</b>	n	'mætə	SUBJECT	a subject or situation that you need to think about, discuss, or deal with
11	<b>outfit</b>	n	'aʊtfɪt	CLOTHES	a set of clothes for a particular event or activity
11	<b>outrageous</b>	adj	ˌaʊt'reɪdʒəs		shocking or extreme
11	<b>pull on sth or pull sth on</b>	pv	pʊl ɒn	CLOTHES	to put on clothes quickly
11	<b>put together sth or put sth together</b>	pv	pʊt tə'geðə	JOIN PARTS	to create something by joining or combining different things
12	<b>represent</b>	v	ˌreprɪ'zent	DESCRIBE	to show or describe something or someone
11	<b>save up (sth) or save (sth) up</b>	pv	seɪv ʌp	MONEY	to keep money so that you can buy something with it in the future
12	<b>slightly</b>	adv	'slaɪtli		a little
11	<b>slip on sth or slip sth on</b>	pv	slɪp ɒn		to quickly put on a piece of clothing
10	<b>smart</b>	adj	sma:t	STYLISH	having a clean, tidy and stylish appearance
12	<b>stall</b>	n	stɔ:l	SHOP	a small shop with an open front or a table from which goods are sold
11	<b>stand out</b>	pv	stænd aʊt	NOTICE	to be very easy to see or notice
10	<b>stuff</b>	n	stʌf	SUBSTANCE	(informal) used to refer to a substance or a group of things or ideas, etc. without saying exactly what they are
11	<b>stunning</b>	adj	'stʌnɪŋ		very beautiful
10	<b>stylish</b>	adj	'staɪlɪʃ		fashionable and attractive
10	<b>sweatshirt</b>	n	'swetʃɜ:t		a piece of clothing made of soft cotton which covers the top of your body and is pulled on over your head
11	<b>take back sth or take sth back</b>	pv	teɪk bæk	THING	to return something to the place you borrowed or bought it from
11	<b>take off sth or take sth off</b>	pv	teɪk ɒf	REMOVE	to remove something

# Unit 2

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
18	<b>accessible</b>	adj	ək'sesəbl	UNDERSTAND	easy to understand
16	<b>action</b>	n	'ækʃən	ACTIVITY	things which are happening, especially exciting or important things
16	<b>appliance</b>	n	ə'plaiəns		a device, machine or piece of equipment, especially an electrical one that is used in the house, such as a cooker or washing machine
18	<b>application/app</b>	n	,æplɪ'keɪʃən/æp	COMPUTER PROGRAM	a computer program designed for a particular purpose (informal)
17	<b>complex</b>	adj	'kɒmpleks		difficult to understand or find an answer to because of having many different parts
17	<b>control</b>	n	kən'trəʊl	POWER	the power to make a person, organization, or object do what you want
17	<b>demanding</b>	adj	dɪ'ma:ndɪŋ		needing a lot of your time, attention, or effort
17	<b>disappointed</b>	adj	,dɪsə'pɔɪntɪd		unhappy because someone or something was not as good as you hoped or expected, or because something did not happen
17	<b>facility</b>	n	fə'sɪləti	PART	a part of a system or machine which makes it possible to do something
19	<b>favourable</b>	adj	'feɪvərəbl	JUDGMENT	showing that you like or approve of someone or something, or making you like or approve of them
16	<b>feature</b>	n	'fi:tʃə	PART	a typical quality, or important part of something
17	<b>find out (sth) or find (sth) out</b>	pv	faɪnd aʊt		to get information about something, or to learn a fact for the first time
17	<b>fortune</b>	n	'fɔ:tʃu:n	MONEY	a lot of money
17	<b>get through sth</b>	pv	get θru:z	FINISH	to use up or finish something
17	<b>goal</b>	n	gəʊl	AIM	something you want to do successfully in the future
18	<b>Google™</b>	v	'gu:gl		to search for something on the Internet using the Google search engine (= computer program that finds information)
16	<b>graphics</b>	n	'græfɪks		images shown on a computer screen
16	<b>hopeless</b>	adj	'həʊpləs	NOT ABLE	very bad at a particular activity
16	<b>impressive</b>	adj	ɪm'presɪv		Someone or something that is impressive makes you admire and respect them.
17	<b>intelligence</b>	n	ɪn'telɪdʒəns	ABILITY	the ability to learn, understand, and think about things
19	<b>meaningful</b>	adj	'mi:nɪŋfəl	USEFUL	useful, serious, or important
16	<b>messy</b>	adj	'mesi	UNTIDY	untidy or dirty

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
17	<b>muddy</b>	adj	'mʌdi		covered by or containing mud (=mixture of soil and water)
17	<b>opponent</b>	n	ə'pəʊnənt	COMPETE	someone who you compete against in a game or competition
16	<b>pace</b>	n	peɪs	SPEED	the speed at which someone or something moves or does something
19	<b>popularity</b>	n	ˌpɒpjə'lærəti		the quality of being liked by many people
17	<b>reach a conclusion</b>	v	ri:tʃ ə kən'klu:ʒən		to make a decision/agreement, etc. about something
16	<b>review</b>	n	rɪ'vju:	REPORT	a report in a newspaper, magazine, or programme that gives an opinion about a new book, film, etc.
16	<b>solve</b>	v	sɒlv		to find the answer to something
16	<b>sophisticated</b>	adj	sə'fɪstɪkeɪtɪd	SYSTEM	A sophisticated machine or system is very advanced and works in a clever way.
16	<b>soundtrack</b>	n	'saʊntræk		the music used in a film
18	<b>submit</b>	v	səb'mɪt	DOCUMENT	to send a document, plan, etc. to someone so that they can consider it
17	<b>tricky</b>	adj	'trɪki		difficult to deal with or do
16	<b>turn on sth or turn sth on</b>	pv	tɜ:n ɒn		to move the switch on a machine, light, etc so that it starts working, or to start the supply of water, electricity, etc.
16	<b>turn up sth or turn sth up</b>	pv	tɜ:n ʌp		to increase the level of sound or heat that a machine produces
19	<b>unhelpful</b>	adj	ʌn'hɛlpfʊl	NOT IMPROVE	not improving a situation
17	<b>version</b>	n	'vɜ:ʃən	FORM	one form of something that is slightly different to other forms of the same thing
16	<b>violent</b>	adj	'vaɪələnt	ACTION	involving violence
16	<b>virtual</b>	adj	'vɜ:tʃuəl	COMPUTER	using computer images and sounds that make you think an imagined situation is real
16	<b>yawn</b>	v	jɔ:n		to take a deep breath with your mouth wide open, because you are tired or bored

# Unit 3

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
23	<b>airline</b>	n	'eəlain		a company that provides regular flights to places
23	<b>approach</b>	n	ə'prəʊtʃ		when something or someone gets nearer in distance or time
23	<b>approach</b>	v	ə'prəʊtʃ	COME CLOSE	to come close in distance or time
23	<b>backpacker</b>	n	'bækprækə		a person who travels with a backpack
23	<b>book (sb) into</b>	pv	bʊk 'ɪntuː		to arrange for someone to stay at a hotel
22	<b>cabin</b>	n	'kæbɪn	SHIP	a small room to sleep in on a ship
23	<b>campsite</b>	n	'kæmpsaɪt		an area where people can stay in tents for a holiday
23	<b>check in</b>	pv	tʃek ɪn	HOTEL	to go to the desk at a hotel in order to say that you have arrived, and to get the key to your room
23	<b>check out</b>	pv	tʃek aʊt		to leave a hotel after paying your bill
23	<b>cliff</b>	n	klɪf		an area of high, steep rocks beside the sea
23	<b>coast</b>	n	kəʊst		the land beside the sea
23	<b>crew</b>	n	kruː	SHIP/AIRCRAFT	the people who work together on a ship, aircraft, or train
23	<b>destination</b>	n	ˌdestɪ'neɪʃən		the place where someone or something is going
22	<b>disturb</b>	v	dɪ'stɜːb	CHANGE	to change something by touching it or moving it from its original position
23	<b>domestic</b>	adj	də'mestɪk	COUNTRY	inside one country and not international
22	<b>evidence</b>	n	'eɪvɪdəns	FACTS	something that makes you believe that something is true or exists
22	<b>expedition</b>	n	ˌeksprɪ'dɪʃən		an organized journey, especially a long one for a particular purpose
23	<b>ferry</b>	n	'feri		a boat that regularly carries passengers and vehicles across an area of water
24	<b>fill in sth or fill sth in</b>	pv	fɪl ɪn		to write the necessary information on an official document
22	<b>forbid</b>	v	fə'brɪd		to order someone not to do something, or to say that something must not happen
26 EF2	<b>friendship</b>	n	'frenʃɪp		when two people are friends
23	<b>get away</b>	pv	get ə'weɪ	HOLIDAY	to go somewhere to have a holiday, especially because you need to rest
23	<b>get in</b>	pv	get ɪn	VEHICLE ARRIVING	If a train or other vehicle gets in at a particular time, that is when it arrives.
22	<b>get rid of sth</b>	p	get rɪd ɒv		to remove or throw away something unwanted
23	<b>ground</b>	n	graʊnd		the surface of the Earth
23	<b>harbour</b>	n	'hɑːbə		an area of water near the coast where ships are kept and are safe from the sea

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
23	<b>land</b>	v	lænd	ARRIVE	If an aircraft lands, it arrives on the ground after a journey, and if you land it, you make it arrive on the ground.
23	<b>landing</b>	n	'lændɪŋ	ARRIVAL	an arrival on the ground, usually of an aircraft or boat
23	<b>set off</b>	pv	set ɒf		to start a journey
23	<b>stop over</b>	pv	stɒp 'əʊvə		to stay at a place for one night or a few nights on the way to somewhere else or before returning home
23	<b>take off</b>	pv	teɪk ɒf	AIRCRAFT	If an aircraft takes off, it begins to fly.
23	<b>terminal</b>	n	'tɜːmɪnəl	TRANSPORT	a building where you can get onto an aircraft, bus, or ship
23	<b>travel agent</b>	n	'trævəl 'eɪdʒənt		someone whose job is making travel arrangements for people
24	<b>visa</b>	n	'viːzə		an official mark in your passport (=document which proves your nationality) that allows you to enter or leave a particular country
RS	<b>wildlife</b>	n	'waɪldlaɪf		animals, birds, and plants living in their natural environment
23	<b>yacht</b>	n	jɒt		a large boat with sails used for pleasure or in races

# Unit 4

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
28	<b>absence</b>	n	'æbsəns	NOT THERE	a time when you are not in a particular place
31	<b>bad-tempered</b>	adj	,bæd'tempəd		a bad-tempered person gets angry or annoyed easily
29	<b>breed</b>	v	brɪ:d		to keep animals for the purpose of producing young animals in a controlled way
29	<b>breeze</b>	n	brɪ:z		a gentle wind
29	<b>conservation</b>	n	,kɒnsə'veɪʃən	PROTECTION	the protection of nature
29	<b>conserve</b>	v	kən'sɜ:v	NOT HARM	to prevent harm or damage to animals or places
28	<b>cut down sth or cut sth down</b>	pv	kʌt daʊn	REMOVE	to make a tree or other plant fall to the ground by cutting it near the bottom
28	<b>destruction</b>	n	dɪ'strʌkʃən		when something is destroyed
28	<b>endangered</b>	adj	ɪn'deɪndʒəd		endangered birds/plants/species are animals or plants which may soon not exist because there are very few now alive
31	<b>feather</b>	n	'feðə		one of the soft, light things that grow from and cover a bird's skin
31	<b>from time to time</b>	p	frəm taɪm tə taɪm		sometimes, but not often
31	<b>fur</b>	n	fɜ:	HAIR	the thick hair that covers the bodies of some animals like cats and rabbits
28	<b>global warming</b>	n	'glɔ:bəl 'wɔ:mɪŋ		when the air around the world becomes warmer because of pollution
31	<b>in time</b>	p	ɪn taɪm	SUITABLE POINT	early enough
29	<b>live up to</b>	pv	lɪv ʌp tu:		to be as good as someone hopes
33 WF2	<b>look forward to sth/doing sth</b>	pv	lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tu:		to feel happy and excited about something that is going to happen
31	<b>one at a time</b>	p	wʌn ət ə taɪm		separately
28	<b>parrot</b>	n	'pærət		a tropical bird with a curved beak and colourful feathers that can be taught to copy what people say
31	<b>pass the time</b>	p	pɑ:s ðə taɪm		to spend time doing something
31	<b>paw</b>	n	pɔ:		the foot of certain animals, such as cats and dogs
28	<b>polar bear</b>	n	'pəʊlə beə		a large, white bear that lives in the North Pole (= most northern part of the Earth)
28	<b>pollute</b>	v	pə'lu:t		to make water, air, soil, etc. dirty or harmful
29	<b>souvenir</b>	n	,su:vən'ɪə		something which you buy or keep to remember a special event or holiday



Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
28	<b>species</b>	n	'spi:ʃi:z		a group of plants or animals which share similar characteristics
28	<b>suffer</b>	v	'sʌfə	EXPERIENCE	to experience something bad
28	<b>support</b>	v	sə'pɔ:t	PAY	to look after someone by paying for their food, clothes, etc.
31	<b>tail</b>	n	teɪl	ANIMAL	the long, narrow part that sticks out at the back of an animal's body
31	<b>times</b>	pr	taɪmz		multiplied by
29	<b>wild</b>	n	wɑɪld		'in the wild' means in a natural environment
31	<b>wing</b>	n	wɪŋ	CREATURE	one of the two parts that a bird or insect uses to fly

# Unit 5

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
34	<b>absolutely</b>	adv	ˌæbsəˈluːtli		completely
34	<b>anxious</b>	adj	ˈæŋʃəs	WORRIED	worried and nervous
34	<b>astonished</b>	adj	əˈstɒnɪʃt		very surprised
36	<b>blow</b>	v	bləʊ	WIND	If the wind blows, it moves and makes currents of air.
36	<b>calm down</b>	pv	kɑ:m daʊn		to stop feeling upset, angry, or excited, or to make someone stop feeling this way
36	<b>come down</b>	pv	kʌm daʊn	FALL	to fall and land on the ground
34	<b>content</b>	adj	kənˈtent		happy or satisfied
34	<b>delighted</b>	adj	dɪˈlaɪtɪd		very pleased
36	<b>draw up</b>	pv	dɹɔ: ʌp		If a vehicle draws up, it arrives somewhere and stops.
35	<b>end up</b>	pv	end ʌp		to finally be in a particular place or situation
34	<b>extremely</b>	adv	ɪkˈstri:mli		very, or much more than usual
34	<b>frightened</b>	adj	ˈfraɪtənd		afraid or nervous
34	<b>furious</b>	adj	ˈfjʊəriəs	ANGRY	extremely angry
36	<b>grab</b>	v	græb	TAKE SUDDENLY	to take hold of something or someone suddenly
34	<b>irritated</b>	adj	ˈɪrɪteɪtɪd		annoyed
34	<b>petrified</b>	adj	ˈpetrɪfaɪd		extremely frightened
36	<b>pour</b>	v	pɔ:ɪ	RAIN	to rain, producing a lot of water
36	<b>pull away</b>	pv	pʊl əˈweɪ	START MOVING	If a vehicle pulls away, it starts moving.
36	<b>pull up</b>	pv	pʊl ʌp		If a vehicle pulls up, it stops, often for a short time.
34	<b>relieved</b>	adj	rɪˈli:vɪd		feeling happy because something unpleasant did not happen or you are not worried about something any more
34	<b>satisfied</b>	adj	ˈsætɪsfɑɪd		pleased because you have got what you wanted, or because something has happened in the way that you wanted
34	<b>scared/worried stiff</b>	adv	skeəd/ˈwɔ:ɪd stɪf		very frightened or worried
35	<b>shake</b>	v	ʃeɪk	MOVE	If you are shaking, your body makes quick short movements, or you feel as if it is doing so, because you are frightened or nervous.
37	<b>shoot</b>	v	ʃu:t	FIRE BULLET	to fire a bullet from a gun
37	<b>steady</b>	adj	ˈstedi	STILL	still and not shaking
34	<b>tense</b>	adj	tens	FEELING	nervous, worried, and not able to relax
34	<b>terrified</b>	adj	ˈterəfaɪd		very frightened
34	<b>totally</b>	adv	ˈtəʊtəli		completely
34	<b>uneasy</b>	adj	ʌnˈi:zi		worried because you think something bad might happen

# Unit 6

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
40	<b>appearance</b>	n	ə'piərəns	IN PUBLIC	an occasion when someone appears in public
41	<b>argument</b>	n	'ɑ:ɡjəmənt	REASON	a reason or reasons why you support or oppose an idea, action, etc.
42	<b>breakdown</b>	n	'breɪkdəʊn	NOT WORKING	when a vehicle or machine stops working for a period of time
40	<b>broadcast</b>	v	'brɔ:dkɑ:st		to send out a programme on television or radio
41	<b>case</b>	n	keɪs	SITUATION	a particular situation or example of something
40	<b>celebrity</b>	n	sə'lebrəti		a famous person
40	<b>contest</b>	n	'kɒntest		a competition or election
43	<b>delicate</b>	adj	'delɪkət	EASY TO DAMAGE	easy to damage or break
40	<b>fame</b>	n	feɪm		when you are known by many people because of your achievements, skills, etc.
RS	<b>fluent</b>	adj	'flu:ənt	ABILITY	able to use a language naturally without stopping or making mistakes
41	<b>gossip</b>	n	'ɡɒsɪp	CONVERSATION	conversation or reports about other people's private lives that might or might not be true
40	<b>headline</b>	n	'hedlaɪn		a line of words printed in large letters as the title of a story in a newspaper, or the main points of the news that are broadcast on television or radio
40	<b>impressed</b>	adj	ɪm'prest		causing someone to admire or respect you because of something that you have done or said
40	<b>inspiration</b>	n	ˌɪnspə'reɪʃən		an example which people admire
41	<b>keep (sb/sth) away</b>	pv	ki:p ə'weɪ		to not go somewhere or near something, or to prevent someone from going somewhere or near something
41	<b>keep down sth or keep sth down</b>	pv	ki:p daʊn	NO INCREASE	to stop the number, level, or size of something from increasing
41	<b>keep sb in</b>	pv	ki:p ɪn		to make a child stay inside as a punishment, or to make someone stay in hospital
41	<b>keep on (doing sth)</b>	pv	ki:p ɒn		to continue to do something, or to do something again and again
41	<b>keep to sth</b>	pv	ki:p tu:ɪ	NOT CHANGE PLANS	to do what you have promised or planned to do
41	<b>keep up (with sb/sth)</b>	pv	ki:p ʌp	SAME SPEED	to move at the same speed as someone or something that is moving forward so that you stay level with them

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
41	<b>keep up (with sb/sth)</b>	p v	ki:p ʌp	UNDERSTAND	to be able to understand or deal with something that is happening or changing very fast
41	<b>living</b>	n	'lɪvɪŋ		the money that you earn from your job
41	<b>look up to sb</b>	p v	lʊk ʌp tu:		to respect and admire someone
42	<b>lottery</b>	n	'lɒtəri		a way of making money by selling numbered tickets to people who then have a chance of winning a prize if their number is chosen
41	<b>the press</b>	p	ðə pres		newspapers and magazines, or the people who write them
41	<b>privacy</b>	n	'prɪvəsi		when you are alone and people cannot see or hear what you are doing
43	<b>the pros and cons</b>	p	ðə prəʊz ənd kɒnz		the advantages and disadvantages of something
40	<b>regional</b>	adj	'ri:dʒənəl		relating to a region (= particular area in a country)
41	<b>scandal</b>	n	'skændəl		something that shocks people because they think it is morally wrong
41	<b>sensation</b>	n	sen'seɪʃən	EXCITEMENT	a lot of excitement, surprise, or interest, or the person or event that causes these feelings
40	<b>talent</b>	n	'tælənt		a natural ability to do something
41	<b>understandable</b>	adj	ˌʌndə'stændəbl		An understandable feeling or action is one that you would expect in that particular situation.

# Unit 7

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
48	<b>can't stand sb/ sth</b>	pv	kɑːnt stænd		(informal) to hate someone or something
49	<b>cheer</b>	v	tʃiə		to shout loudly in order to show your approval or to encourage someone
50	<b>course</b>	n	kɔːs	SPORT	an area used for horse races or playing golf
49	<b>course</b>	n	kɔːs	LESSONS	a series of lessons about a particular subject
50	<b>court</b>	n	kɔːt	SPORT	an area for playing particular sports
50	<b>do business (with sb)</b>	p	duː 'bɪznɪs		to be involved in the activity of buying and selling goods and services, or a particular company that does this, or work you do to earn money
50	<b>do damage</b>	p	duː 'dæmɪdʒ		to cause harm or injury
50	<b>do sb a favour</b>	p	duː ə 'feɪvə	HELP	to do something to help someone
50	<b>do sth for a living</b>	p	duː fər ə 'lɪvɪŋ		to earn money by doing a job
50	<b>do without (sb/ sth)</b>	pv	duː wɪ'ðaʊt		to manage without having someone or something
RS	<b>extreme sport</b>	n	ɪk'striːm spɔːt		a sport that is very dangerous and exciting
52 EF4	<b>fall apart</b>	pv	fɔːl ə'pɑːt	HAVE PROBLEMS	to start having problems that you cannot deal with
52 EF4	<b>fall for sb</b>	pv	fɔːl fɔː		to suddenly have strong, romantic feelings about someone
52 EF4	<b>fall out (with sb)</b>	pv	fɔːl aʊt		to argue with someone and stop being friendly with them
52 EF4	<b>fall through</b>	pv	fɔːl θruː		If a plan or agreement falls through, it fails to happen.
53	<b>field</b>	n	'fiːld	SPORT	an area of grass where you can play a sport
51	<b>fitness</b>	n	'fɪtnəs	HEALTHY	the condition of being physically strong and healthy
50	<b>gym</b>	n	dʒɪm	BUILDING	a building with equipment for doing exercises
50	<b>gymnastics</b>	n	dʒɪm'næstɪks		a sport in which you do physical exercises on the floor and on different pieces of equipment, often in competitions
48	<b>ice skate</b>	v	'aɪs sket		to move across ice using ice skates
50	<b>lap</b>	n	læp	RACE	one journey around a circular race track
53	<b>net</b>	n	net	OBJECT	something made with a piece of net, for example for catching fish or insects, or for sports
50	<b>penalty</b>	n	'penəlti	SPORTS ADVANTAGE	in sports, an advantage given to a team when the opposing team has broken a rule

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
49	<b>pitch</b>	n	pɪtʃ	SPORT	an area of ground where a sport is played
50	<b>referee</b>	n	ˌrefəˈriː		someone who makes sure that players follow the rules during a sports game
50	<b>take a risk</b>	p	teɪk ə rɪsk	BAD POSSIBILITY	to do something although something bad might happen because of it
48	<b>row</b>	v	rəʊ		to move a boat or move someone in a boat through the water using oars (=poles with flat ends)
RS	<b>scary</b>	adj	'skeəri		frightening
52 EF4	<b>ski</b>	v	skiː		to move over snow wearing skis
50	<b>spectator</b>	n	spek'tetə		someone who watches an event, sport, etc.
48	<b>team</b>	n	ti:m	SPORT	a group of people who play a sport or game together against another group of players
48	<b>track</b>	n	træk	RACE	a path, often circular, used for races

# Unit 8

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
57	<b>affect</b>	v	ə'fekt	INFLUENCE	to have an influence on someone or something, or to cause them to change
56	<b>be accustomed to sth/doing sth</b>	pv	bi: ə'kʌstəmd tu:		If you are accustomed to something, you have experienced it often enough for it to seem normal to you.
54	<b>be friends with</b>	pv	bi: frendz wið		to know and like someone
54	<b>confident</b>	adj	'kɒnfɪdənt	ABILITY	certain about your ability to do things well
54	<b>critical</b>	adj	'krɪtɪkəl	NOT PLEASED	saying that someone or something is bad or wrong
54	<b>disapprove</b>	v	,dɪsə'pru:v		to think that someone or something is bad or wrong
57	<b>get on (with sb)</b>	pv	get ɒn		(UK) If two or more people get on, they like each other and are friendly to each other.
54	<b>housework</b>	n	'haʊswɜ:k		the work that you do to keep your house clean
56	<b>keep/break a promise</b>	p	ki:p/breɪk ə 'prɒmɪs	SAY CERTAINLY	to do/not do what you said that you would do
54	<b>keep a secret</b>	p	ki:p ə 'si:kret		to not tell anyone a secret that you know
56	<b>keep sb awake</b>	p	ki:p ə'weɪk		to prevent someone from sleeping
54	<b>kid</b>	n	kɪd	CHILD	a child or young person
56	<b>make a fortune</b>	p	meɪk ə 'fɔ:tʃu:n		to make a lot of money
57	<b>make friends (with sb)</b>	p	meɪk frendz		to begin to know and like someone
56	<b>mood</b>	n	mu:d	FEELING	the way someone feels at a particular time
54	<b>neighbourhood</b>	n	'neɪbəhʊd		an area of a town or city that people live in
54	<b>proud</b>	adj	praʊd	PLEASED	feeling very pleased about something you have done, something you own, or someone you know
55	<b>selfish</b>	adj	'selfɪʃ		caring only about yourself and not other people
54	<b>sensible</b>	adj	'sensɪbl	JUDGMENT	showing good judgment
54	<b>share</b>	v	ʃeə	AT SAME TIME	to have or use something at the same time as someone else
54	<b>storey</b>	n	'stɔ:ri		a level of a building
54	<b>struggle</b>	v	'strʌɡəl	TRY	to try very hard to do something difficult
56	<b>taste good/bad/sweet etc.</b>	v	teɪst ɡʊd/bæd/swi:t	FOOD/DRINK	to have a particular flavour

# Unit 9

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
63	<b>admit</b>	v	əd'mɪt	SOMETHING BAD	to agree that you did something bad, or that something bad is true
60	<b>advertise</b>	v	'ædvətaɪz	TRY TO SELL	to tell people about a product or service, for example in newspapers or on television, in order to persuade them to buy it
60	<b>brand</b>	n	brænd	PRODUCT	a product that is made by a particular company
61	<b>budget</b>	n	'bʌdʒɪt	AMOUNT	the amount of money you have for something
61	<b>character</b>	n	'kærəktə	STORY	a person in a book, film, etc.
61	<b>commercial</b>	n	kə'mɜːʃəl		an advertisement on the radio or television
60	<b>deadline</b>	n	'dedlaɪn		a time by which something must be done
63	<b>doubt</b>	v	dəʊt	FEEL UNCERTAIN	to feel uncertain about something or think that something is not probable
62	<b>dramatic</b>	adj	drə'mætɪk	EXCITING	full of action and excitement
62	<b>element</b>	n	'elɪmənt	PART	a part of something
62	<b>ending</b>	n	'endɪŋ	END	the last part of a story or film
61	<b>huge</b>	adj	hjuːdʒ		extremely large
61	<b>location</b>	n	ləʊ'keɪʃən		a place or position
61	<b>message</b>	n	'mesɪdʒ	IDEA	the most important idea of a film, book, etc.
61	<b>narrow</b>	adj	'nærəʊ	NOT WIDE	Narrow things measure a small distance from one side to the other.
62	<b>personality</b>	n	,pɜːsən'æləti	FAMOUS	a famous person
62	<b>powerful</b>	adj	'paʊəfəl	EFFECT	having a strong effect on people
62	<b>production</b>	n	prə'dʌkʃən	ORGANIZING FILM/PLAY	when someone controls how a film, play, programme, or musical recording is made
63	<b>reckon</b>	v	'rekən	THINK	to think that something is probably true
62	<b>setting</b>	n	'setɪŋ	PLACE	the place where something is or where something happens, often in a book, play, or film
61	<b>shallow</b>	adj	'ʃæləʊ	NOT DEEP	not deep
63	<b>stress</b>	v	stres	EMPHASIZE	to emphasize something in order to show that it is important
61	<b>view</b>	n	vjuː	OPINION	your opinion
63	<b>what's more</b>	p	wɒts mɔː		used to add something surprising or interesting to what you have just said



# Unit 10

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
66	<b>access</b>	n	'ækses	OPPORTUNITY	when you have the right or opportunity to use or see something
66	<b>achievement</b>	n	ə'tʃi:vmənt	GOOD THING	something good that you achieve
69	<b>at first</b>	p	ət 'fɜ:st		at the beginning of a situation or period of time
69	<b>at last</b>	p	ət lɑ:st		finally
69	<b>at least</b>	p	ət li:st		as much as, or more than, a number or amount
69	<b>at once</b>	p	ət wʌns		immediately
69	<b>at peace</b>	p	ət pi:s		not fighting, not at war
69	<b>at present</b>	p	ət 'prezənt		now
69	<b>at rest</b>	p	ət rest	STOP	not doing anything active, or not moving
67	<b>at the same time</b>	p	ət ðə seɪm taɪm		despite this
69	<b>at war</b>	p	ət wɔ:		when there is fighting between two or more countries, or two or more groups inside a country
66	<b>commercial</b>	adj	kə'mɜ:ʃəl	BUY/SELL	relating to buying and selling things
66	<b>concept</b>	n	'kɒnsept		an idea or principle
66	<b>decade</b>	n	'dekeɪd		a period of ten years
66	<b>expedition</b>	n	ˌeksprɪ'dɪʃən		an organized journey, especially a long one for a particular purpose
67	<b>illegal</b>	adj	ɪ'li:gəl		not allowed by law
67	<b>immoral</b>	adj	ɪ'mɒrəl		morally wrong
67	<b>impatient</b>	adj	ɪm'peɪʃənt	EASILY ANNOYED	easily annoyed by someone's mistakes or because you have to wait
67	<b>inappropriate</b>	adj	ˌɪnə'prəʊpɪət		unsuitable for a particular situation or person
67	<b>inexperienced</b>	adj	ˌɪnɪk'spɪəriəntst		without much experience or knowledge of something
67	<b>irregular</b>	adj	ɪ'regjələ	TIME	Irregular actions or events happen with a different amount of time between each one.
67	<b>irresponsible</b>	adj	ˌɪrɪ'spɒnsəbl		not thinking about the possible bad results of what you are doing
66	<b>need</b>	n	ni:d		something that is necessary to have or do
66	<b>proposal</b>	n	prə'pəʊzəl	PLAN	a suggestion for a plan
66	<b>prove</b>	v	pru:v		to show that something is true
66	<b>rocket</b>	n	'rɒkɪt	VEHICLE	a tube-shaped vehicle for travelling in space
67	<b>scientific</b>	adj	ˌsaɪəntɪfɪk		relating to science, or using the organized methods of science
66	<b>significant</b>	adj	sɪg'nɪfɪkənt		important or noticeable

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
67	<b>solution</b>	n	sə'lu:ʃən	ANSWER	the answer to a problem
66	<b>space</b>	n	speɪs	OUTSIDE EARTH	the area outside the Earth
66	<b>sponsor</b>	v	'spɒnsə		to give money to someone to support an activity, event, or organization, sometimes as a way to advertise your company or product
66	<b>supporter</b>	n	sə'pɔ:tə	IDEA	someone who supports a particular idea, group, or person
66	<b>technology</b>	n	tek'nɒlədʒi		knowledge, equipment, and methods that are used in science and industry
66	<b>willingness</b>	adj	'wɪlɪŋnes		to be willing (to do sth) is to be happy to do something, if you need to

# Unit 11

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
74	<b>aggressive</b>	adj	ə'gresɪv	ANGRY	behaving in an angry and violent way towards another person
75	<b>blush</b>	v	blʌʃ		If you blush, your face becomes red, especially because you are embarrassed.
74	<b>bossy</b>	adj	'bɒsi		always telling other people what to do
73	<b>characteristic</b>	n	ˌkærəktə'rɪstɪk		a typical or obvious quality that makes one person or thing different from others
74	<b>cheerful</b>	adj	'tʃɪəfəl	PERSON	happy
74	<b>competitive</b>	adj	kəm'petɪtɪv	PERSON	wanting to win or to be more successful than other people
73	<b>demanding</b>	adj	dɪ'ma:ndɪŋ		needing a lot of your time, attention, or effort
72	<b>discourage</b>	v	dɪ'skʌrɪdʒ	LESS CONFIDENT	to make someone less confident or enthusiastic about something
72	<b>identical</b>	adj	aɪ'dentɪkəl		exactly the same
72	<b>identity</b>	n	aɪ'dentəti	PERSON	who someone is
74	<b>impatient</b>	adj	ɪm'peɪjənt	EASILY ANNOYED	easily annoyed by someone's mistakes or because you have to wait
74	<b>jealous</b>	adj	'dʒeləs	LOVE	upset and angry because someone you love seems too interested in another person
74	<b>lazy</b>	adj	'leɪzi	WORK	Someone who is lazy does not like working or using any effort.
74	<b>loyal</b>	adj	lɔɪəl		always liking and supporting someone or something, sometimes when other people do not
73	<b>only child</b>	n	'əʊnli tʃaɪld		someone who has no brothers or sisters
74	<b>optimistic</b>	adj	ˌɒptɪ'mɪstɪk		always believing that good things will happen
72	<b>resemble</b>	v	rɪ'zembəl		to look like or be like someone or something
72	<b>similarity</b>	n	ˌsɪmɪ'lærəti		when two things or people are similar, or a way in which they are similar
74	<b>stubborn</b>	adj	'stʌbən		determined not to change your ideas, plans, etc., although other people want you to
74	<b>take account of</b>	p	teɪk ə'kaʊnt ɒv		to consider something when judging a situation
72	<b>take after sb</b>	pv	teɪk 'ɑ:ftə		to be similar to an older member of your family
74	<b>take charge</b>	p	teɪk tʃɑ:dʒ		to take control of or make yourself responsible for something

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
74	<b>take for granted</b>	p	teɪk fə 'grɑ:ntɪd		to not show that you are grateful for someone or something, and forget that you are lucky to have them
74	<b>take off</b>	pv	teɪk ɒf	SUCCESSFUL	to suddenly become successful
74	<b>take out sth or take sth out</b>	pv	teɪk aʊt		to remove something from somewhere
74	<b>take sb/sth seriously</b>	p	teɪk 'sɪəriəsli		to believe that someone or something is important and that you should pay attention to them
72	<b>take turns</b>	p	teɪk tɜ:nz		If two or more people take turns, one person does something, then another person does something, etc.
73	<b>twin</b>	n	twɪn		one of two children who are born to the same mother at the same time
74	<b>unpopular</b>	adj	ʌn'pɒpjələ		disliked by most people
74	<b>unreliable</b>	adj	ˌʌnrɪ'laɪəbl		not able to be trusted or depended on
74	<b>witty</b>	adj	'wɪti		using words in a funny and clever way

# Unit 12

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
78	<b>appliance</b>	n	ə'plaiəns		a piece of electrical equipment with a particular purpose in the home
81	<b>attic</b>	n	'ætɪk		a room at the top of a house under the roof
79	<b>cart</b>	n	kɑ:t	SHOP	(US) a metal structure on wheels that is used for carrying things
79	<b>come to a conclusion</b>	p	kʌm tu: ə kən'klu:ʒən		to have an opinion after considering all the information about something
81	<b>come to a decision</b>	p	kʌm tu: ə dɪ'sɪʒən		make a choice about something after thinking about several possibilities
78	<b>complaint</b>	n	kəm'pleɪnt	NOT SATISFACTORY	when someone says that something is wrong or not satisfactory
80	<b>crockery</b>	n	'krɒkəri		plates, cups, and other dishes, especially those made from clay
79	<b>crunchy</b>	adj	'krʌntʃɪ		Crunchy food is hard and makes a noise when you eat it.
80	<b>cutlery</b>	n	'kʌtləri		knives, forks, and spoons
79	<b>devise</b>	v	dɪ'vaɪz		to design or invent something such as a system, plan, or piece of equipment
79	<b>duplicate</b>	v	'dju:plɪkət	DO THE SAME	to do something that has already been done, in exactly the same way
81	<b>fall asleep</b>	p	fɔ:l ə'sli:p		to start sleeping
81	<b>fall ill</b>	p	fɔ:l ɪl		to become unwell
81	<b>fall in love</b>	p	fɔ:l ɪn lʌv		to be very attracted to someone and begin to love them
79	<b>fed up</b>	adj	,fed 'ʌp		(informal) annoyed or bored by something that you have experienced for too long
79	<b>fulfil</b>	p	fʊl'fɪl	MAKE HAPPEN	to do something that is expected, hoped for or promised or to cause it to happen
78	<b>groceries</b>	n (plural)	'grəʊsərɪz		goods bought to be used in the home such as food and cleaning products
79	<b>infection</b>	n	ɪn'fekʃən		a disease in a part of your body that is caused by bacteria or a virus
81	<b>inventor</b>	n	ɪn'ventə		someone who designs and makes new things
78	<b>make fun of</b>	p	meɪk fʌn əv		to make a joke about someone or something in an unkind way
79	<b>research</b>	v	rɪ'sɜ:tʃ		to study a subject in detail in order to discover new information about it
79	<b>ritual</b>	n	'rɪtʃuəl		an activity or a set of actions that are always done in the same way or at the same time, sometimes as part of a religion
79	<b>soggy</b>	adj	'sɒɡɪ		very wet and soft
79	<b>stale</b>	adj	steɪl	OLD	old and not fresh

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
79	<b>stick</b>	v	stɪk	JOIN	to become joined to something else or to make something become joined to something else, usually with a substance like glue
78	<b>substance</b>	n	'sʌbstəns	MATERIAL	a solid, liquid, or gas
80	<b>suspicion</b>	n	sə'spɪʃən		a feeling or belief that someone has done something wrong
80	<b>talk sb into (doing) sth</b>	pv	tɔ:k 'ɪntu:		to persuade someone to do something
81	<b>tell sb/sth apart</b>	pv	tel ə'pɑ:t		to be able to see the difference between two very similar things or people
81	<b>tell a lie</b>	p	tel ə laɪ		to say something/things that are not true
81	<b>tell a story</b>	p	tel ə 'stɔ:ri	DESCRIPTION	to entertain people with a description of a series of real or imaginary events
79	<b>transform</b>	v	træns'fɔ:m		to change something completely, usually to improve it

# Unit 13

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
86	<b>accuse</b>	v	ə'kju:z		to say that someone has done something bad
88	<b>affect</b>	v	ə'fekt	CAUSE CHANGE	to influence someone or something, or cause them to change
88	<b>ambition</b>	n	æm'bɪʃən	HOPE	something you want to achieve in your life
88	<b>apologise (UK) / apologize</b>	v	ə'pɒlədʒaɪz		to tell someone that you are sorry about something you have done
88	<b>claim</b>	v	kleɪm	SAY	to say that something is true, although you have not proved it
88	<b>deny</b>	v	dɪ'naɪ	NOT TRUE	to say that something is not true, especially something that you are accused of
88	<b>educate</b>	v	'edʒukeɪt	TEACH	to teach someone at a school or college
89	<b>educated</b>	adj	'edʒukeɪtɪd		Someone who is educated has learned a lot at school or university and has a good level of knowledge.
88	<b>educational</b>	adj	,edʒu'keɪʃənəl		providing education or relating to education
89	<b>face up to</b>	pv	feɪs ʌp tu:		to accept that a difficult situation exists
86	<b>feel</b>	v	fi:l	OPINION	to think something or have an opinion
88	<b>insist</b>	v	ɪn'sɪst	SAY	to say firmly that something is true, especially when other people do not believe you
86	<b>mention</b>	v	'menʃən		to briefly speak or write about something or someone
87	<b>opportunity</b>	n	,ɒpə'tju:nəti	CHANCE	a situation in which it is possible for you to do something, or a possibility of doing something
88	<b>performance</b>	n	pə'fɔ:məns	SUCCESS	how successful someone or something is
87	<b>position</b>	n	pə'zɪʃən	JOB	a job
89	<b>progress</b>	n	'prəʊgres	DEVELOPMENT	development and improvement of skills, knowledge, etc.
88	<b>promise</b>	v	'prɒmɪs	SAY	to say that you will certainly do something or that something will certainly happen
87	<b>qualification</b>	n	,kwɒlɪfɪ'keɪʃən		an official record showing that you have finished a training course or have the necessary skills, etc.
88	<b>refuse</b>	v	rɪ'fju:z		to say that you will not do or accept something
87	<b>relevant</b>	adj	'reləvənt		related or useful to what is happening or being talked about
87	<b>standard</b>	n	'stændəd	QUALITY	a level of quality, especially a level that is acceptable
88	<b>urge</b>	v	ɜ:dʒ		to strongly advise an action
88	<b>warn</b>	v	wɔ:n	ADVISE	to advise someone not to do something that could cause danger or trouble
86	<b>wish</b>	v	wɪʃ	WANT	to want a situation that is different from the one that exists

# Unit 14

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
92	<b>adventurous</b>	adj	əd'ventʃərəs	NEW THINGS	willing to try new and often difficult things
93	<b>above all</b>	p	ə'bvʌv ɔ:l		more than anything
93	<b>all along</b>	p	ɔ:l ə'lɒŋ		from the beginning of a period of time
93	<b>all in all</b>	p	ɔ:l ɪn ɔ:l		considering everything
93	<b>all of a sudden</b>	p	ɔ:l əv ə 'sʌdn		unexpectedly
93	<b>at all</b>	p	ət ɔ:l		in any way
92	<b>background</b>	n	'bækgraʊnd	PERSON	a person's education, family, and experience of life
92	<b>career</b>	n	kə'riə	JOB	a job that you do for a long period of your life and that gives you the chance to move to a higher position and earn more money
95	<b>commitment</b>	n	kə'mɪtmənt	LOYALTY	when you are willing to give your time and energy to something that you believe in
92	<b>concerned</b>	adj	kən'sɜ:nd	WORRIED	worried
93	<b>dishonest</b>	adj	dɪ'sɒnɪst		not honest and likely to lie or do something illegal
93	<b>disorganised</b>	adj	dɪ'sɔ:gənəɪzd	EVENT	not planned or organised well
93	<b>dissatisfied</b>	adj	dɪs'sætɪsfɑ:d		not pleased or happy with something
92	<b>employer</b>	n	ɪm'plɔɪə		a person or company that pays people to work for them
95	<b>enthusiasm</b>	n	ɪn'θju:ziæzəm		when you feel very interested in something and would very much like to be involved in it
95	<b>enthusiastic</b>	adj	ɪn'θju:zi'æstɪk		showing enthusiasm
92	<b>flexible</b>	adj	'fleksɪbəl	ABLE TO CHANGE	able to change or be changed easily according to the situation
92	<b>inexperienced</b>	adj	ɪnɪk'spiəriəntst		without much experience or knowledge of something
93	<b>irresponsible</b>	adj	ɪrɪ'spɒnsəbl		not thinking about the possible bad results of what you are doing
92	<b>redundant</b>	adj	rɪ'dʌndənt	NOT WORKING	not working because your employer has told you there is not enough work
93	<b>responsibility</b>	n	rɪ'spɒnsə'bɪləti		something that it is your job or duty to deal with
93	<b>responsible</b>	adj	rɪ'spɒnsəbl	JOB	showing good judgment and able to be trusted
92	<b>routine</b>	n	ru:'ti:n	REGULAR ACTIVITY	the things you regularly do and how and when you do them
92	<b>secure</b>	adj	sɪ'kjʊə	SAFE	safe from danger
92	<b>self-confident</b>	adj	self 'kɒnfɪdənt		feeling sure about yourself and your abilities
92	<b>support</b>	n	sə'pɔ:t	HELP	help or encouragement
92	<b>uncertain</b>	adj	ʌn'sɜ:tən	SITUATION	not known, or not completely certain



Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
95	<b>unemployment benefit</b>	n	ˌʌnɪm'plɔɪmənt 'benɪfɪt		money that the government gives to people who don't have a job and are looking for a job
93	<b>unsuccessful</b>	adj	ˌʌnsək'sesfəl		not achieving what was wanted or intended

# Unit 15

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
RS	<b>accessible</b>	adj	ək'sesəbl	FIND	easy to find or reach
101	<b>bar</b>	n	bɑ:	DRINKING	a place where alcoholic drinks are sold and drunk, or the area behind the person serving the drinks
98	<b>canal</b>	n	kə'næl		an artificial river built for boats to travel along or to take water where it is needed
101	<b>clap</b>	n	klæp		a sudden loud noise made by thunder
101	<b>consist of sth</b>	pv	kən'sɪst ðv		to be formed or made from two or more things
98	<b>dam</b>	n	dæm		a strong wall built across a river to stop the water and make a lake
99	<b>economical</b>	adj	ˌɪkə'nɒmɪkəl		not using a lot of money, fuel, etc.
99	<b>environment</b>	n	ɪn'vaɪrənmənt		the air, water and land in or on which people, animals and plants live
99	<b>environmentally friendly</b>	adj	ɪn,vaɪrən'mentəli 'frendli		not harmful to the environment
101	<b>flash</b>	n	flæʃ	BRIGHT LIGHT	a sudden bright light
98	<b>flood</b>	n	flʌd	WATER	when a lot of water covers an area that is usually dry, especially when a river becomes too full
99	<b>fossil fuel</b>	n	'fɒsəl 'fju:əl		fuels such as gas, coal and oil, which were formed underground from plant and animal remains millions of years ago
99	<b>household</b>	n	'haʊsəʊld		a family or group of people who live together in a house
98	<b>lake</b>	n	leɪk		a large area of water which has land all around it
100	<b>lightning</b>	n	'laɪtnɪŋ		a sudden flash of light in the sky during a storm
99	<b>litter</b>	n	'lɪtə	WASTE	pieces of paper and other waste that are left in public places
101	<b>pane</b>	n	peɪn		a flat piece of glass in a window or door
98	<b>pond</b>	n	pɒnd		a small area of water, especially one that has been made artificially in a park or garden
98	<b>rapids</b>	n (pl)	'ræpɪdz		a part of a river where the water moves very fast
99	<b>recycle</b>	v	ˌri:'saɪkl		to put used paper, glass, plastic, etc. through a process so that it can be used again
98	<b>reservoir</b>	n	'rezəvwa:		an artificial lake where water is stored before it goes to people's houses
98	<b>river</b>	n	'rɪvə		a long, natural area of water that flows across the land and into a sea, lake, or another river

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
RS	<b>route</b>	n	ru:t	ROADS	the roads or paths you follow to get from one place to another place
99	<b>rubbish</b>	n	'rʌbɪʃ	WASTE	things that you throw away because you do not want them
99	<b>second-hand</b>	adj	'sekənd hænd		If something is second-hand, someone else owned or used it before you.
101	<b>slice</b>	n	slɑ:s		a flat piece of food that has been cut from a larger piece
100	<b>storm</b>	n	stɔ:m		very bad weather with a lot of rain, snow, wind, etc.
98	<b>stream</b>	n	stri:m		a small river
RS	<b>tackle</b>	v	'tækəl	DEAL WITH	to try to deal with a problem
100	<b>traffic</b>	n	'træfɪk	CARS ETC	the cars, trucks, etc using a road
RS	<b>vegetation</b>	n	ˌvedʒɪ'teɪʃən		plants and trees
98	<b>waterfall</b>	n	'wɔ:təfɔ:l		a stream of water that flows from a high place, often to a pool below

# Unit 16

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
104	<b>appealing</b>	adj	ə'pi:lɪŋ		attractive or interesting
105	<b>appetite</b>	n	'æpɪtaɪt		the feeling that makes you want to eat
105	<b>bitter</b>	adj	'bɪtə	TASTE	having a strong, sharp, usually unpleasant taste
105	<b>canned</b>	adj	kænd		Canned food is sold in metal containers.
104	<b>consume</b>	v	kən'sju:m	EAT OR DRINK	(formal) to eat or drink something
104	<b>consumer</b>	n	kən'sju:mə	EAT OR DRINK	someone who eats or drinks something
105	<b>dairy</b>	adj	'deəri		relating to milk or products made using milk
104	<b>finding</b>	n	'faɪndɪŋ		(usually plural) a piece of information that has been discovered as a result of an official study
104	<b>fizzy</b>	adj	'fɪzi		A fizzy drink has lots of bubbles of gas in it.
104	<b>flat</b>	adj	flæt	WITHOUT GAS	If a drink is flat, it does not contain enough bubbles of gas.
104	<b>flavour</b>	n	'fleɪvə	TASTE	the taste of a particular type of food or drink
RS	<b>grill</b>	v	grɪl	COOK	to cook food using direct heat
104	<b>influence</b>	v	'ɪnfluəns		to affect or change how someone or something develops, behaves, or thinks
105	<b>juicy</b>	adj	'dʒu:si	FOOD	full of juice
105	<b>melt</b>	v	melt	BECOME LIQUID	If something melts, it changes from a solid into a liquid because of heat and if you melt something, you heat it until it becomes liquid.
105	<b>mild</b>	adj	maɪld	WEAK	not having a strong effect
104	<b>packaging</b>	n	'pækɪdʒɪŋ		the paper, box, etc. that something is inside so that it can be sold or sent somewhere
RS	<b>reject</b>	v	ri'dʒekt	NOT ACCEPT	to refuse to accept or agree with something
105	<b>rich</b>	adj	rɪtʃ	FOOD	Rich food has a lot of butter, cream, or eggs in it.
104	<b>ripe</b>	adj	raɪp		developed enough and ready to be eaten
105	<b>rotten</b>	adj	'rɒtən	DECAYING	Rotten vegetable or animal substances are decaying.
105	<b>sense</b>	n	sens	NATURAL ABILITY	one of the five natural abilities of sight, hearing, touch, smell, and taste
105	<b>texture</b>	n	'tekstʃə		the way that something feels when you touch it

# Unit 17

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
113	<b>amount</b>	n	ə'maʊnt		how much there is of something
113	<b>challenge</b>	n	'tʃælɪndʒ	DIFFICULT	something that is difficult and that tests someone's ability or determination
110	<b>collector</b>	n	kə'lektə	HOBBY	someone who collects objects because they are interesting or beautiful
113	<b>collection</b>	n	kə'leɪʃən	OBJECTS	a group of objects of the same type that have been collected by one person or in one place
111	<b>condition</b>	n	kən'dɪʃən	STATE	the state that something or someone is in
113	<b>delightful</b>	adj	dɪ'laɪtfl		very pleasant, attractive, or enjoyable
113	<b>elegant</b>	adj	'elɪɡənt		stylish or attractive in appearance or behaviour
113	<b>exceptional</b>	adj	ɪk'sepʃənəl	GOOD	extremely good
RS	<b>the former</b>	p	ðə 'fɔ:mə		the first of two people or things that have just been talked about
RS	<b>the latter</b>	n	ðə 'lætə		the second of two people or things that have just been talked about
110	<b>look after sb/sth</b>	pv	lʊk 'ɑ:ftə		to take care of or be in charge of someone or something
111	<b>look at sth</b>	pv	lʊk æt	EXAMINE	If someone, usually an expert, looks at something, they examine it.
111	<b>look for sth/sb</b>	pv	lʊk fɔ:		to try to find someone or something
111	<b>look into sth</b>	pv	lʊk 'ɪntu:		to examine the facts about a problem or situation
111	<b>the look of</b>	p	ðə lʊk əv		the appearance of someone or something
111	<b>Look out!</b>	p	lʊk aʊt		something you say when someone is in danger
113	<b>massive</b>	adj	'mæsɪv		very big
113	<b>memory</b>	n	'meməri	ABILITY	your ability to remember
113	<b>obsession</b>	n	əb'seʃən		someone or something that you think about all the time
112	<b>passion (for sth)</b>	n	'pæʃən		an extreme interest in or wish for doing something, such as a hobby, activity, etc.
113	<b>remarkable</b>	adj	rɪ'mɑ:kəbl		very unusual or noticeable in a way that you admire
113	<b>scale</b>	n	skeɪl	SIZE	the size or level of something
113	<b>substantial</b>	adj	səb'stænʃəl	AMOUNT	large in amount
111	<b>technique</b>	n	tek'ni:k		a particular or special way of doing something
113	<b>vast</b>	adj	vɑ:st		extremely big

# Unit 18

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
118	<b>alternative</b>	n	əl'tɜːnətɪv		one of two or more things that you can choose between
118	<b>biography</b>	n	baɪ'ɒgrəfi		the story of a person's life written by another person
117	<b>come across sth</b>	pv	kʌm ə'krɒs		to find something by chance
119	<b>come out</b>	pv	kʌm aʊt	BECOME AVAILABLE	If a book, record, film, etc. comes out, it becomes available for people to buy or see.
117	<b>come up with sth</b>	pv	kʌm ʌp wɪð		to suggest or think of an idea or plan
118	<b>documentary</b>	n	ˌdɒkjə'mentəri		a film or television programme that gives facts about a real situation or real people
118	<b>effective</b>	adj	ɪ'fektɪv	ACHIEVING RESULT	successful or achieving the result that you want
116	<b>extract</b>	n	'ekstrækt	WRITING	a particular part of a book, poem, etc. that is chosen so that it can be used in a discussion, article, etc.
118	<b>form</b>	n	fɔːm	TYPE	a type of something or way of doing something
117	<b>go ahead</b>	pv	gəʊ ə'hed	START	to start to do something
117	<b>go by</b>	pv	gəʊ baɪ	TIME	If time goes by, it passes.
117	<b>go off sb/sth</b>	pv	gəʊ ɒf		to stop liking or being interested in someone or something
117	<b>go through</b>	pv	gəʊ θruː		to experience a difficult or unpleasant situation
117	<b>go up</b>	pv	gəʊ ʌp	INCREASE	to become higher in level
116	<b>meaningful</b>	adj	'miːnɪŋfəl	USEFUL	useful, serious, or important
116	<b>rub</b>	v	rʌb	PRESS YOUR HANDS	to press your hand or a cloth on a surface and move it backwards and forwards
118	<b>science fiction</b>	n	saɪəns 'fɪkʃən		stories about life in the future or in other parts of the universe
116	<b>sight</b>	n	sɑɪt	AREA SEEN	the area that it is possible for you to see
116	<b>strength</b>	n	streŋθ	STRONG	when someone or something is strong
116	<b>surface</b>	n	'sɜːfɪs	TOP	the top or outside part of something
118	<b>technological</b>	adj	ˌteknə'lɒdʒɪkəl		relating to, or involving, technology
118	<b>threat</b>	n	θret	DAMAGE	someone or something that is likely to cause harm or damage
118	<b>thriller</b>	n	'θrɪlə		a book or film with an exciting story, often about crime
117	<b>trace</b>	n	treɪs	SIGN/RECORD	a sign that something has happened or existed
118	<b>visual</b>	adj	'vɪʒuəl		relating to seeing

# Unit 19

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
125	<b>ankle</b>	n	'æŋkəl		the part of your leg that is just above your foot
125	<b>bandage</b>	n	'bændɪdʒ		a long piece of soft cloth that you tie around an injured part of the body
125	<b>break</b>	v	breɪk	NOT WORK	If you break a machine, object, etc., or if it breaks, it stops working because it is damaged.
127	<b>break</b>	n	breɪk		where something has separated in an accident
125	<b>break down</b>	pv	breɪk daʊn		If a machine or vehicle breaks down, it stops working.
127	<b>bug</b>	n	bʌg	ILLNESS	a bacteria or virus, or the illness that it causes
125	<b>burn</b>	v	bɜːn	DAMAGE	to (cause something to) be hurt, damaged or destroyed by fire or extreme heat
125	<b>chest</b>	n	tʃest	BODY	the front of your body between your neck and your waist
125	<b>cough medicine</b>	n	kɒf 'medɪsən		a type of sweet liquid medicine
125	<b>Elastoplast™</b>	n	ɪ'læstəplæst		a common type of plaster (= a small piece of sticky material to cover and protect a cut in the skin)
125	<b>elbow</b>	n	'elbəʊ		the part in the middle of your arm where it bends
124	<b>exercise</b>	n	'eksəsaɪz	PHYSICAL ACTIVITY	physical activity that you do to make your body strong and healthy
124	<b>exercise</b>	v	'eksəsaɪz	BODY	to do physical activities to make your body strong and healthy
125	<b>eyebrow</b>	n	'aɪbraʊ		the thin line of hair that is above each eye
125	<b>faint</b>	v	feɪnt		to suddenly become unconscious for a short time, usually falling down onto the floor
125	<b>graze</b>	v	greɪz	INJURE	to injure your skin by rubbing it against something rough
126	<b>hurt</b>	v	hɜːt	BE PAINFUL	If a part of your body hurts, it is painful.
125	<b>jaw</b>	n	dʒɔː		either of the two bones in your mouth that contain your teeth
125	<b>knee</b>	n	niː	LEG	the middle part of your leg where it bends
126	<b>needle</b>	n	'niːdl	MEDICAL	the thin, sharp, metal part of a piece of medical equipment used to take blood out of the body, or to put medicine or drugs in
125	<b>on average</b>	p	ɒn 'ævərɪdʒ		usually, or based on an average
125	<b>on balance</b>	p	ɒn 'bæləns		used to give your opinion after you have considered all the facts about something
125	<b>on behalf of</b>	p	ɒn bɪ'hɑːf ɒv		representing; instead of

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
125	<b>on condition that</b>	p	ɒn kən'dɪʃən ðæt		only if
125	<b>on duty</b>	p	ɒn 'dju:ti		If a doctor, police officer, etc. is on duty, they are working, and if they are off duty, they are not working.
125	<b>on offer</b>	p	ɒn 'ɒfə		at a cheaper price than usual
125	<b>on purpose</b>	p	ɒn 'pʊ:zəs		intentionally
125	<b>plaster</b>	n	'plɑ:stə	FOR CUTS	a small piece of sticky material that you put on cuts on your body
127	<b>scar</b>	n	skɑ:	BODY	a permanent mark left on the body from a cut or other injury
125	<b>spot</b>	n	spɒt	SKIN	an unpleasant, small, red mark on your skin
125	<b>sprain</b>	v	spreɪn		to injure part of your body by twisting it, but not so badly that it breaks
125	<b>sting</b>	v	stɪŋ	CAUSE PAIN	If an insect, plant, etc. stings you, it causes pain by putting poison into your skin.
125	<b>stitch</b>		stɪtʃ		(usually plural) a length of special thread used to join the edges of a deep cut in the flesh
127	<b>surgery</b>	n	'sɜ:dʒəri	TREATMENT	when a doctor cuts your body open and repairs or removes something
127	<b>sweat</b>	n	swet		the salty colourless liquid that comes through your skin when you are hot, nervous or ill
127	<b>symptom</b>	n	'sɪmptəm	ILLNESS	a physical feeling or problem which shows that you have a particular illness
125	<b>thigh</b>	n	θaɪ		the top part of your leg above your knee
125	<b>waist</b>	n	weɪst	BODY	the part around the middle of your body where you wear a belt
127	<b>ward</b>	n	wɔ:d		a room in a hospital where people receiving treatment stay, often for the same type of illness
125	<b>wrist</b>	n	rɪst		the part of your body between your hand and your arm



# Unit 20

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
133	<b>accuse</b>	v	ə'kju:z		to say that someone has done something bad
130	<b>arrest</b>	v	ə'rest		If the police arrest someone, they take them away to ask them about a crime which they might have committed.
132	<b>burglar</b>	n	'bɜ:glə		someone who gets into buildings illegally and steals things
133	<b>cell</b>	n	sel	ROOM	a small room in a prison or police station where a prisoner is kept
133	<b>charge</b>	v	tʃɑ:dʒ	ACCUSE	If the police charge someone, they accuse them officially of a crime.
130	<b>commit a crime</b>	p	kə'mɪt ə kraɪm	CRIME	to do something that is considered wrong, or that is illegal
130	<b>court</b>	n	kɔ:t	LAW	the place where a judge decides whether someone is guilty of a crime
131	<b>criminal</b>	n	'krɪmɪnəl		someone who has committed a crime
132	<b>detective</b>	n	dɪ'tektɪv		someone, especially a police officer, whose job is to discover information about a crime
131	<b>DNA</b>	n	,di:en'eɪ		deoxyribonucleic acid; a chemical in the cells of living things which contains genetic information
131	<b>evidence</b>	n	'eɪdɪəns	LAW	information that is given or objects that are shown in a court of law to help to prove if someone has committed a crime
130	<b>fine</b>	v	faɪn		to make someone pay an amount of money as a punishment for breaking a law or rule
132	<b>fine</b>	n	faɪn		an amount of money that you must pay for breaking a law or rule
131	<b>fingerprint</b>	n	'fɪŋgəprɪnt		the mark made on something by the pattern of curved lines on the end of someone's finger
130	<b>forensic</b>	adj	fə'rensɪk		relating to scientific methods of solving crimes
130	<b>guilty</b>	adj	'gɪltɪ	LAW	having broken a law
133	<b>illegal</b>	adj	ɪ'li:gəl		not allowed by law
131	<b>innocent</b>	adj	'ɪnəsənt	NOT GUILTY	not guilty of committing a crime
133	<b>jury</b>	n	'dʒʊəri	LAW	a group of people in a court of law who decide if someone is guilty or not
133	<b>kidnap</b>	v	'kɪdnæp		to take someone away using force, usually to obtain money in exchange for releasing them
133	<b>offence</b>	n	ə'fens	CRIME	a crime

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
133	<b>penalty</b>	n	'penəlti	PUNISHMENT	a punishment for doing something which is against a law or rule
133	<b>pickpocket</b>	n	'pɪk,pɒkɪt		someone who steals things from people's pockets
130	<b>proof</b>	n	pru:f		a fact or a piece of information that shows something exists or is true
133	<b>punishment</b>	n	'pʌnɪʃmənt		when someone is punished
132	<b>robbery</b>	n	'rɒbəri		the crime of stealing from someone or somewhere
133	<b>sentence</b>	v	'sentəns		to give a punishment to someone who has committed a crime
133	<b>shoplift</b>	v	'ʃɒplɪft		to take goods illegally from a shop without paying for them
132	<b>steal</b>	v	sti:l		to secretly take something that does not belong to you, without intending to return it
130	<b>suspect</b>	n	'sʌspekt		someone who may have committed a crime
133	<b>suspicious</b>	adj	sə'spɪʃəs	WRONG/BAD	making you feel that something is wrong or that something bad or illegal is happening
130	<b>take sb to court</b>	p	teɪk tu: kɔ:t		to take legal action against someone
132	<b>thief</b>	n	θi:f		someone who steals things
131	<b>trace</b>	n	treɪs		a small amount of something
133	<b>trial</b>	n	traɪəl	LAW	a legal process to decide if someone is guilty of a crime

# Unit 21

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
138	<b>absence</b>	n	'æbsəns	NOT EXIST	when something does not exist
136	<b>architecture</b>	n	'ɑ:kɪtektʃə	STYLE	the design and style of buildings
136	<b>collection</b>	n	kə'lekʃən	TAKING AWAY	when something is taken away from a place
136	<b>community</b>	n	kə'mju:nəti	AREA	the people living in a particular area
138	<b>consumer</b>	n	kən'sju:mə		someone who buys or uses goods or services
138	<b>cut</b>	n	kʌt		an electricity/power cut is when the supply of electricity suddenly stops
136	<b>environmental</b>	adj	ɪn,vaɪrən'mentəl		relating to the environment
138	<b>lack</b>	n	læk		when something is not available or when there is not enough of it
138	<b>level</b>	n	'levəl	AMOUNT	the amount or number of something
138	<b>lifestyle</b>	n	'laɪfstɑ:l		the way that you live
136	<b>lighting</b>	n	'laɪtɪŋ		the light created by electrical equipment, candles, etc.
136	<b>maintenance</b>	n	'meɪntənəns	WORK	the work that is done to keep something in good condition
136	<b>mall</b>	n	mɔ:l		a large, covered shopping area
136	<b>neighbourhood</b>	n	'neɪbəhʊd		an area of a town or city that people live in
138	<b>pollution</b>	n	pə'lju:ʃən		damage caused to water, air, etc. by harmful substances or waste
136	<b>property</b>	n	'prɒpəti	BUILDING	a building or area of land
136	<b>regulation</b>	n	,regjə'leɪʃən	RULE	an official rule that controls how something is done
139	<b>renew</b>	v	rɪ'nju:	MAKE NEW	to increase the life of or replace something old
139	<b>renewal</b>	n	rɪ'nju:əl		when you renew something
136	<b>requirement</b>	n	rɪ'kwɪəmənt		something that is needed or demanded
136	<b>resident</b>	n	'rezɪdənt	PERSON	someone who lives in a particular place
138	<b>shortage</b>	n	'ʃɔ:tɪdʒ		when there is not enough of something
138	<b>suburb</b>	n	'sʌbɜ:b		an area where people live outside the centre of a city
136	<b>suburban</b>	adj	sə'bɜ:bən		relating to a suburb
138	<b>system</b>	n	'sɪstəm	METHOD	a way or method of doing things
136	<b>traffic jam</b>	n	'træfɪk dʒæm		a line of cars, trucks, etc. that are moving slowly or not moving at all
136	<b>urban</b>	adj	'ɜ:bən		belonging or relating to a town or city

# Unit 22

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
145	<b>audience</b>	n	'ɔ:diəns	GROUP	the people who sit and watch a performance at a theatre, cinema, etc.
142	<b>choir</b>	n	kwaɪə		a group of people who sing together
145	<b>composer</b>	n	kəm'pəʊzə		someone who writes music
145	<b>composition</b>	n	ˌkɒmpə'zɪʃən	MUSIC	a piece of music that someone has written
142	<b>conductor</b>	n	kən'dʌktə	MUSIC	someone who stands in front of a group of musicians or singers and controls their performance
142	<b>festival</b>	n	'festɪvəl	PERFORMANCE	a series of special events, performances, etc. that often takes place over several days
142	<b>gig</b>	n	ɡɪɡ		a performance of pop or rock music
145	<b>impression</b>	n	ɪm'preʃən	EFFECT	the way that something seems, looks or feels to a particular person
145	<b>memorable</b>	adj	'memrəbəl		If an occasion is memorable, you will remember it for a long time because it is so good.
142	<b>musician</b>	n	mju:'zɪʃən		someone who plays a musical instrument, often as a job
142	<b>orchestra</b>	n	'ɔ:kɪstrə	MUSIC	a large group of musicians who play different instruments together
145	<b>orchestral</b>	adj	ɔ:'kestrəl		of or belonging to an orchestra
143	<b>organiser (UK)/ organizer</b>	n	'ɔ:gənaɪzə		someone who plans an event or activity
142	<b>participate</b>	v	pɑ:'tɪsɪpeɪt		to be involved with other people in an activity
145	<b>partnership</b>	n	'pɑ:tnəʃɪp	WORKING TOGETHER	when two people or organizations work together to achieve something
142	<b>perform</b>	v	pə'fɔ:m	ENTERTAIN	to entertain people by acting, singing, dancing, etc.
142	<b>performer</b>	n	pə'fɔ:mə		a person who entertains people by acting, singing, dancing or playing music
142	<b>rehearsal</b>	n	rɪ'hɜ:səl		a time when all the people involved in a play, dance, etc. practise in order to prepare for a performance
145	<b>respectable</b>	adj	rɪ'spektəbəl	SOCIALLY ACCEPTABLE	considered to be socially acceptable because of your good character, appearance or behaviour
142	<b>solo</b>	n	'səʊləʊ		a piece of music for one person or one instrument
143	<b>specialise (UK)/ specialize</b>	v	'speʃəlaɪz		to spend most of your time studying one particular subject or doing one type of business
143	<b>venue</b>	n	'venju:		a place where a sports game, musical performance, or special event happens
145	<b>unique</b>	adj	ju:'ni:k	SPECIAL	unusual and special

# Unit 23

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
148	<b>ash</b>	n	æʃ	POWDER	the soft grey or black powder that is left after a substance, especially tobacco, coal or wood, has burnt
149	<b>break off (sth) or break (sth) off</b>	pv	breɪk ɒf		to end (something) suddenly
149	<b>call off sth or call sth off</b>	pv	kɔ:l ɒf		to decide that a planned event, especially a sports event, will not happen, or to end an activity because it is no longer useful or possible
148	<b>crack</b>	n	kræk	LINE	a line on the surface of something that is damaged
149	<b>cut sb/sth off or cut off sb/sth</b>	pv	kʌt ɒf		to cause a person or place to become separate, or cause someone to be or feel alone
149	<b>damage</b>	v	'dæmɪdʒ		to harm or break something
151	<b>damp</b>	adj	dæmp		slightly wet, usually in an unpleasant way
RS	<b>drought</b>	n	draʊt		a long period when there is no rain and people do not have enough water
149	<b>earthquake</b>	n	'ɜ:θkweɪk		a sudden movement of the Earth's surface, often causing severe damage
148	<b>eruption</b>	n	ɪ'rʌpʃən		when a volcano explodes and flames and rocks come out of it
148	<b>gas</b>	n	gæs	SUBSTANCE	a substance in a form like air and not solid or liquid
151	<b>humid</b>	adj	'hju:mɪd		Humid air or weather is hot and slightly wet.
151	<b>hurricane</b>	n	'hʌrɪkən		a violent storm with very strong winds
149	<b>injure</b>	v	'ɪndʒə		to hurt a person, animal, or part of your body
149	<b>invaluable</b>	adj	ɪn'væljuəbl		extremely useful
149	<b>let off sb or let sb off</b>	pv	let ɒf		to not punish someone who has committed a crime or done something wrong, or to not punish them severely
149	<b>log off</b>	pv	lɒg ɒf		to stop a computer being connected to a computer system, usually when you want to stop working
148	<b>peak</b>	n	pi:k	MOUNTAIN TOP	the top of a mountain, or the mountain itself
149	<b>planet</b>	n	'plænɪt		a large, round object in space that moves around the sun or another star
149	<b>preserve</b>	v	pri'zɜ:v	KEEP THE SAME	to keep something the same or prevent it from being damaged or destroyed
149	<b>priceless</b>	adj	'praɪsləs	IMPORTANT	very important or useful
149	<b>send off sth or send sth off</b>	pv	send ɒf		to send a letter, document or parcel by post

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
149	<b>sensitive</b>	adj	'sensɪtv	EASILY UPSET	easily upset by the things people say or do
148	<b>shake</b>	v	ʃeɪk	MOVE	to make quick, short movements from side to side or up and down, or to make something or someone do this
149	<b>tell off sb or tell sb off</b>	pv	tel əf		to speak angrily to someone because they have done something wrong
148	<b>thunder</b>	n	'θʌndə		the loud noise in the sky that you hear during a storm
148	<b>tremble</b>	v	'treɪbl		to shake slightly, especially because you are nervous, frightened, or cold
151	<b>undo</b>	v	ʌn'du:	OPEN	to open something that is tied or fastened
151	<b>unfasten</b>	v	ʌn'fɑ:sən		to open something that is closed or fixed together
151	<b>untie</b>	v	ʌn'taɪ		to open a knot or something that has been tied with a knot
151	<b>unwrap</b>	v	ʌn'ræp		to remove the paper, cloth, etc. that is covering something
149	<b>volcano</b>	n	vɒl'keɪnəʊ		a mountain with a large hole at the top which sometimes explodes and produces hot, melted rock and smoke
151	<b>weather forecast</b>	n	'weðə 'fɔ:kɑ:st		a description of what the weather will be like
149	<b>wear off</b>	pv	weə əf		If a feeling or the effect of something wears off, it gradually disappears.

# Unit 24

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
154	<b>apology</b>	n	ə'pɒlədʒi		something you say or write to say that you are sorry about something you have done
154	<b>apparently</b>	adv	ə'pærəntli	OTHERS SAY	used to say that you have read or been told something although you are not certain it is true
154	<b>cashpoint</b>	n	'kæʃpɔɪnt		a machine, usually in a wall outside a bank, that you can get money from using a plastic card
156	<b>catch up on sth</b>	pv	kætʃ ʌp ɒn		to do something that you did not have time to do earlier
158 WF12	<b>comedian</b>	n	kə'mi:diən		someone who entertains people by telling jokes
154	<b>comedy</b>	n	'kɒmədi		entertainment such as a film, play, etc which is funny
155	<b>disguise</b>	n	dɪs'gaɪz		clothes and other things that you wear to change the way you look so that people cannot recognize you
154	<b>disguise</b>	v	dɪs'gaɪz		to give a new appearance to a person or thing, especially in order to hide its true form
157	<b>earnings</b>	n	'ɜ:nɪŋz		money that you get from working
157	<b>estimate</b>	v	'estɪmeɪt		to guess the cost, size, value, etc. of something
156	<b>get sth over with</b>	pv	get 'əʊvə wɪð		to do or finish an unpleasant but necessary piece of work or duty so that you do not have to worry about it in the future
157	<b>hang around (with sb)</b>	pv	hæŋ ə'raʊnd		to spend time (with someone)
157	<b>humour</b>	n	'hju:mə	ABILITY	the ability to laugh and recognize that something is funny
155	<b>ignore</b>	v	ɪg'no:ɪ		to pay no attention to something or someone
157	<b>have a bad/good influence on</b>	p	hæv ə bəd/gʊd 'ɪnfluəns ɒn	PERSON/THING	to have the power to have an effect on people or things
154	<b>key in sth or key sth in</b>	pv	ki: ɪn		to put information into a computer or a machine using a keyboard
156	<b>keep up sth or keep sth up</b>	pv	ki:p ʌp		to not allow something that is at a high level to fall to a lower level
157	<b>landlord/landlady</b>	n	'lændlɔ:d/'lændleɪdi		a man/woman who you rent a room or house from
156	<b>look up sth or look sth up</b>	pv	lʊk ʌp		to try to find a piece of information by looking in a book or on a computer
154	<b>make for</b>	pv	meɪk fɔ:ɪ		to move towards a place
156	<b>make sth/sb out</b>	pv	meɪk aʊt		to see, hear or understand something or someone with difficulty

Page no. or Recording script (RS)	Headword	Part of speech	Phonetics	Guideword	Definition
155	<b>make up for sth</b>	pv	meɪk ʌp fɔː		to reduce the bad effect of something, or make something bad become something good
156	<b>pick up sth</b> or <b>pick sth up</b>	pv	pɪk ʌp		to learn a new skill or language by practising it rather than being taught it
156	<b>put off sb</b> or <b>put sb off</b>	pv	pʊt ɒf		to make someone dislike something or someone, or to discourage someone from doing something
155	<b>put out sth</b> or <b>put sth out</b>	pv	pʊt aʊt	STOP BURNING	to make something that is burning, such as a fire or cigarette, stop burning
155	<b>put up a fight</b>	pv	pʊt ʌp ə faɪt		to show or express a particular type of opposition to something
156	<b>put up with sb/ sth</b>	pv	pʊt ʌp wɪð		to accept unpleasant behaviour or an unpleasant situation, although you do not like it
154	<b>rule</b>	n	ruːl	INSTRUCTION	an official instruction about what you must or must not do
157	<b>star</b>	v	stɑː		If you star in a film, play, etc., you are the main person in it.
157	<b>start out</b>	pv	stɑːt aʊt		to begin your life, or the part of your life when you work, in a particular way
157	<b>take off sth</b> or <b>take sth off</b>	pv	teɪk ɒf	NOT WORK	to spend time away from your work
154	<b>treatment</b>	n	'tri:tmənt	MEDICAL	something which you do to try to cure an illness or injury, especially something suggested or done by a doctor
157	<b>weird</b>	adj	wɪəd		very strange
157	<b>work on sth</b>	pv	wɜːk ɒn		to spend time repairing or improving something
156	<b>work out sth</b> or <b>work sth out</b>	pv	wɜːk aʊt	PROBLEM	to understand something or to find the answer to something by thinking about it